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- A. **GET /message&roomId=<ROOM_ID>**
- POST /messages**
{ "roomId" : "<ROOM_ID>", "text" : "<MESSAGE>" }
- B. **GET /messages&mentionedPeople=me&roomId=<ROOM_ID>**
- PUT /messages**
{ "roomId" : "<ROOM_ID>", "text" : "<MESSAGE>" }
- C. **GET /message&roomId=<ROOM_ID>**
- PUT /messages**
{ "roomId" : "<ROOM_ID>", "text" : "<MESSAGE>" }
- D. **GET /messages&mentionedPeople=me&roomId=<ROOM_ID>**
- POST /messages**
{ "roomId" : "<ROOM_ID>", "text" : "<MESSAGE>" }

- A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 18

Click on the GET Resource button above to view resources that will help with this question. An engineer is managing a DC with 6000 Cisco UCS servers installed and running. The engineer has been asked to identify all resources where the model is in the UCSB family and the available memory is less than or equal to 5 GB. Which REST API call accomplishes this task?

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“Greater Than” Operator

The **gt** operator returns true if the left operand is greater than the right operand, otherwise it returns false. The **gt** operator accepts numeric, dates and string values.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where AvailableMemory is greater than 98304MB:

```
GET /api/v1/compute/RackUnits?$filter=AvailableMemory gt 98304
```

Example: Query Audit log records where 'CreationTime' is greater than '2018-06-20T05:31:38.862Z'. The date must be specified in UTC time without quotes.

```
GET /api/v1/aaa/AuditRecords?$filter=CreateTime gt 2018-06-20T05:31:38.862Z
```

“Less Than” Operator

The **lt** operator returns true if the left operand is less than the right operand, otherwise it returns false. The **lt** operator accepts numeric, dates and string values.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where AvailableMemory is less than 98304MB:

```
GET /api/v1/compute/RackUnits?$filter=AvailableMemory lt 98304
```

“Greater Than Or Equal” Operator

The **ge** operator returns true if the left operand is greater than or equal to the right operand, otherwise it returns false. The **ge** operator accepts numeric, dates and string values.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where AvailableMemory is greater than or equal to 98304MB:

```
GET /api/v1/compute/RackUnits?$filter=AvailableMemory ge 98304
```

“Less Than Or Equal” Operator

The **le** operator returns true if the left operand is less than or equal to the right operand, otherwise it returns false. The **le** operator accepts numeric, dates and string values.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where AvailableMemory is less than or equal to 98304MB:

```
GET /api/v1/compute/RackUnits?$filter=AvailableMemory le 98304
```

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"And" Operator

The **and** operator returns true if both the left and right operands evaluate to true, otherwise it returns false.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where the Model property is equal to 'UCSC-C240-M5SN' and thy server has more than 64GB of memory:

```
GET /api/v1/compute/RackUnits?$filter=Model eq 'UCSC-C240-M5SN' and AvailableMemory gt 65000
```

"Or" Operator

The **or** operator returns true if either the left or right operand evaluate to true, otherwise it returns false.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where the Model property is equal to 'UCSC-C240-M5SN' **or** the Model property is equal to 'UCSC-C240-M5SN'. Use the \$select keyword to reduce the size of the output JSON document.

"Not" Operator

The **not** operator returns true if the operand returns false, otherwise it returns false.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where the model property is not ('HX220C-M5SX' or 'HX220C-M5S'). The example shows how grouping parenthesis can be used to set the operator precedence.

```
GET /api/v1/compute/RackUnits?$select=Vendor,Model,Serial&top=10&$filter=not (Model eq 'HX220C-M5SX' or Model eq 'HX220C-M5S')
```

"In" Operator

The **in** operator returns true if the left operand is equal to one of the values specified in the right operand, otherwise it returns false. The **in** operator accepts numeric and string values.

Values must be specified as a comma-separated list enclosed in parenthesis.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where the Model is either 'HX220C-M5SX' or 'UCSC-C240-M5SN'.

```
GET /api/v1/compute/RackUnits?$filter=Model in ('HX220C-M5SX','UCSC-C240-M5SN')
```

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String Functions

"contains" Function

The **contains** function has the following signature:

boolean contains(s string, subst string)

The **contains** function returns true if the second parameter string value is a substring of the first parameter string value, otherwise it returns false.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where the value of the 'Model' property contains 'C240'

```
GET /api/v1/RackUnits?$filter=contains(Model, 'C240')
```

"startsWith" Function

The **startswith** function has the following signature:

boolean startswith(s string, subst string)

The **startswith** function returns true if the first parameter string value starts with the second parameter string value, otherwise it returns false.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where the value of the 'Model' property starts with the prefix 'UCSC-C240'

```
GET /api/v1/RackUnits?$filter=startswith(Model, 'UCSC-C240')
```

"endswith" Function

The **endswith** function has the following signature:

boolean endswith(string, suffix string)

The **endswith** function returns true if the first parameter string value ends with the second parameter string value, otherwise it returns false.

Example: Query RackUnit resources where the value of the 'Model' property ends with the suffix 'M5'

```
GET /api/v1/RackUnits?$filter=endswith(Model, 'M5')
```

"tolower" Function

The **tolower** function has the following signature:

string tolower(string)

- A. GET/api/v1/compute/RackUnits?\$select=Vendor,Model,Serial&\$filter=not(Model eq `UCSC`) and AvailableMemory le 5000
- B. GET/api/v1/compute/RackUnits?\$select=Vendor,Model,Serial&\$filter=Model eq `UCSB` and AvailableMemory lt 5000
- C. GET/api/v1/compute/RackUnits?\$select=Vendor,Model,Serial&\$filter=contains(Model, UCSB') and AvailableMemory lt 5000
- D. GET/api/v1/compute/RackUnits?\$select=Vendor,Model,Serial&\$filter=contains(Model, UCSB') and AvailableMemory le 5000

Correct Answer: D

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QUESTION 19

The response from a server includes the header ETag:
W/"7eb8b94419e371767916ef13e0d6e63d". Which statement is true?

- A. The ETag has a Strong validator directive.
- B. The ETag has a Weak validator directive, which is an optional directive.
- C. The ETag has a Weak validator directive, which is a mandatory directive.
- D. The ETag has a Strong validator directive, which it is incorrectly formatted.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 20

DRAG DROP

An application is being built to collect and display telemetry streaming data. Drag and drop the elements of this stack from the left onto the correct element functions on the right.

IOS-XE Device: IOS-XE Device	visualization platform
Elasticsearch: Elasticsearch	data collector
Kibana: Kibana	data generator
Python Application: Python Application	datastore

Correct Answer:

IOS-XE Device: IOS-XE Device	Kibana: Kibana
Elasticsearch: Elasticsearch	Python Application: Python Application
Kibana: Kibana	IOS-XE Device: IOS-XE Device
Python Application: Python Application	Elasticsearch: Elasticsearch